PREVENT STORM WATER CONTAMINATION

Best Management Practices for

Food Processors

Shipping and receiving

- Close storm drains during loading/unloading activities in surrounding area.
- ♦ Inspect all containers prior to unloading/loading of any raw or spent materials.
- ◆ Use drip pans when loading/unloading liquid product.
- Situate loading/unloading areas indoors or in a covered area.
- Drain hoses back into truck, railcar, etc. after loading/unloading materials.
- ♦ Install high level alarm on tanks to prevent overfilling.
- ♦ Ensure that berms and dikes are built around the unloading/loading areas, if applicable.
- If outside or in covered areas, minimize run-on of storm water into the unloading/loading areas by grading the areas to insure that storm water runs off.
- ◆ Use dry clean-up methods for unloading/loading areas rather than washing the areas down.
- ◆ Train employees on proper unloading/loading techniques.

Storage containers/ Liquid storage

- ◆ Inspect the external condition (corrosion, leaks) of the containers.
- ◆ Ensure that berms and dikes are built around the containers.
- ♦ Cover and/or enclose.
- ◆ Ensure that all containers are closed (e.g. valves shut, lids and manways sealed, caps closed).
- ♦ If outside or in a covered area, minimize run-on of storm water into a storage area by grading area to ensure that storm water runs "off" and not "on".
- ◆ Train employees on proper storage techniques (e.g. filling and transferring contents).
- Maintain an inventory control of all raw and spent materials.
- ◆ Employ measures to protect against spillage from the overflows (e.g. high level sensors, alarms).

Solid storage (silos, holding bins, fiber drums, etc.)

 Consider vacuum emission control systems for airborne dust and particulate matter.

Solid waste

(paper, wood pallets, scrap metals, refuse, etc.)

- Store waste so that it is physically contained (dumpsters, drums, bags).
- ◆ If outside or in a covered area, minimize exposure to storm water by grading the area to ensure that storm water runs "off" and not "on".
- ◆ Ensure that hazardous waste disposal practices are performed in accordance with Federal, State and local requirements.
- Route trash compactor leakage to treatment system or sanitary sewer.

Pest control

- ♦ Follow manufacturers directions for application of pest control materials to site.
- ◆ Time application for dry weather conditions.
- Apply insecticides during breeding months.
- Protect rat bait houses from storm water.

Meat products Animal holding pens (beef and chicken)

- ◆ Enclose/cover fowl hanging area.
- ◆ Enclose/cover the animal holding pens.
- Grade the areas around the animal holding pens to ensure storm water "run off" and not "on" to the holding pen.
- ◆ Train employees on proper material (i.e. hide, hair, feathers, animal parts) clean-up procedures.
- ◆ Store animal manure and other materials from clean-up activities in appropriate containers in an enclosed/covered area.
- ♦ Area for trailers holding empty bird cages should have storm water run-on/runoff controls in place.
- ◆ Use mechanical sweepers around site to clean up fugitive feathers, dust and manure.

Best Management Practices for

Food Processors

CONTINUED

Dairy products

Packaged dairy products (spoiled and broken product containers)

- ♦ Store aged/spoiled dairy products in enclosed area.
- Train employees on proper disposal methods for all aged/spoiled dairy products.
- ◆ Ensure that all aged/spoiled product (e.g. bottles, cartons, plastic containers) are disposed of in a proper manner (bagged, covered).

Canned frozen and preserved fruits, vegetables and frozen specialities

Fruit and vegetable storage and disposal

- ◆ Store all fruits and vegetables in appropriate containers (e.g. bins, bushels, baskets, buckets) and in enclosed/covered areas.
- ♦ Store empty fruit and vegetable containers in an enclosed/covered area.
- ◆ Train employees on proper handling/disposal methods for fresh/rotten fruits and vegetables.

Grain mills Grain handling, storage and mixing

- ♦ Store all grain in appropriate containers (e.g. silos, hoppers) in an enclosed/covered area.
- ◆ Train employees on grain handling procedures.
- ◆ Consider a vacuum control system in all grain mixing areas.

Bakery products Ingredient storage and mixing

 Store all ingredients (e.g. corn sweeteners, flour, shortening, syrup, vegetable oils) in appropriate containers (e.g. tanks, drums, bags) in an enclosed/covered area.

Sugar and confectionery Sugar handling

 Consider a vacuum control system in all granular and powdered processing areas.

Fats and oils Fat and oil storage and mixing

- ◆ Store all fats and oils, (e.g. butcher shop materials, hair, hide, tallow, bone meal and offal) in enclosed areas.
- ♦ Ensure all fats and oils are physically contained.

BeveragesMaterial storage and handling

- ◆ Ensure grain is stored in enclosed/covered area.
- ◆ Consider an air emission control system for all grain handling and brewing processes.
- ◆ Protect reusable beverage containers that are stored outdoors from storm water contact.

If spills occur:

- * Stop the source of the spill immediately.
- + Contain the liquid until cleanup is complete.
- Deploy oil containment booms if the spill may reach the water.
- + Cover the spill with absorbent material.
- ★ Keep the area well ventilated.
- + Dispose of clean-up materials properly.
- + Do not use emulsifier or dispersant.



STORM WATER MANAGEMENT SECTION

(602) 256-3190

Upon request, the Street Transportation Department will make this publication available through appropriate auxiliary aids or services to accommodate an individual with a disability by calling 256-3190; or faxing a request to 495-2016.